|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Module** | Anticoagulation management: patient’s guide to self-monitoring |
| **Topic** | Factors that can affect how anticoagulant agents (Vitamin K antagonists) act – common interacting drugs |
| **Audience** | Self-monitoring warfarin patient |
| **Type** | Extra content |
| **Version** | 1 |

Although not an exhaustive list, in Table A there are examples of medicines that commonly interact with warfarin.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Medicines that can increase levels of warfarin (increase INR) | Amiodarone  Fluconazole  Metronidazole  Allopurinol  Ciprofloxacin  Rosuvastatin  Ciprofloxacin  Clarithromycin  Omeprazole  High dose corticosteroids (e.g. prednisolone) |
| Medicines that can decrease levels of warfarin (decrease INR) | Carbamazepine  Phenytoin  Rifampicin  Pioglitazone  Griseofulvin |

**Table A: Medicines that can affect the metabolism of warfarin**